

## air pollution لغات مربوط به

در اینجا ۵۰ واژه کاربردی انگلیسی مرتبط با آلودگی هوا و معنی فارسی آنها آورده شده است:

- آلودگی Pollution
- 2. Air Quality كيفيت هوا
- 3. Particulate Matter (PM) ذرات معلق
- 4. Emission انتشار
- 5. Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) دىاكسيد كربن
- 6. Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>) دى اكسيد نيتروژن
- 7. Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) دىاكسيد گوگرد
- 8. Ozone (O₃) اوزون
- 9. Smog دود
- سوختهای فسیلی 10. Fossil Fuels
- 11. Greenhouse Gases گاز های گلخانهای
- وارونگی دما 12. Temperature Inversion
- انتشار صنعتی 13. Industrial Emissions
- خروجي وسايل نقليه 14. Vehicle Exhaust
- مشكلات تنفسى T5. Respiratory Problems
- 16. Health Effects اثرات بهداشتى
- مقررات 17. Regulations
- 18. Air Monitoring پایش هوا
- سموم 19. Toxins
- 20. Sustainability پايدارى
- تأثير محيطي 21. Environmental Impact
- شهرنشینی 22. Urbanization
- زبالههای خطرناک 23. Hazardous Waste
- قانون هوای پاک 24. Clean Air Act



- ودپای کربن 25. Carbon Footprint
- تنوع زیستی 26. Biodiversity
- تغييرات اقليمي 27. Climate Change
- تهویه 28. Ventilation
- ذرات معلق در هوا 29. Airborne Particles
- 30. Smokestack دودکش
- كم آبى 31. Dehydration
- باران اسيدي 32. Acid Rain
- آفتکشها 33. Pesticides
- 34. Pollutants آلايندهها
- عدالت محيطي 35. Environmental Justice
- ديوكسينها 36. Dioxins
- كاهش آثار 37. Mitigation
- فيلتر كردن هوا 38. Air Filtration
- 39. Green Technology فناورى سبز
- انر ژی های جایگزین 40. Alternative Energy
- آگاهی عمومی 41. Public Awareness
- 42. Ecosystem اكوسيستم
- 43. Sick Building Syndrome بيمارى ساختمان بيمار
- 44. Stratosphere استراتوسفر
- تروپوسفر 45. Troposphere
- 46. Carbon Trading تجارت کربن
- 47. Urban Heat Island جزيره حرارتي شهري
- آلودگی صوتی 48. Noise Pollution
- 49. Reforestation جنگلکاری مجدد
- بیماریهای منتقل شونده از هوا 50. Airborne Diseases

## Air pollution



Air pollution is a significant environmental issue that affects air quality and public health. The emission of pollutants such as particulate matter (PM), carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ), nitrogen dioxide ( $NO_2$ ), and sulfur dioxide ( $NO_2$ ) from various sources, including industrial emissions and vehicle exhaust, contributes to the degradation of our atmosphere.

One of the major contributors to air pollution is the burning of fossil fuels, which releases greenhouse gases and can lead to climate change. Smog formation, especially during temperature inversions, creates hazardous conditions that can exacerbate respiratory problems and other health effects in urban areas.

As urbanization increases, so does the number of vehicles and industrial activities, leading to higher levels of airborne particles and toxins. Regulations such as the Clean Air Act are essential for controlling emissions and protecting public health. Air monitoring programs help track pollution levels and ensure compliance with environmental standards. To mitigate the effects of air pollution, it is crucial to promote sustainability and public awareness about the importance of clean air.

Green technology and alternative energy sources can significantly reduce our carbon footprint and improve air quality. Additionally, reforestation projects can help absorb carbon dioxide and enhance biodiversity, further supporting ecosystem health. In conclusion, addressing air pollution requires a multifaceted approach that includes stringent regulations, public education, and the adoption of innovative technologies to ensure a healthier environment for future generations.

اگر در مورد لغات مربوط به air pollution نیاز به اطلاعات بیشتری دارید، خوشحال میشوم کمک کنم!